

# 连词、介词和介词短语 第一节 连词

考点一: 连词的定义

起连接词与词,短语与短语以及句子与句子的作用。

考点二: 连词的分类

并列连词	从属连词
连接平行或并列的词、词组和分句	连接两个或两个以上的句子,构成复合句

## 1. 引申连词

词	意思	例句
and	和	Smith and Jacob went to the movies.
both and	两者都	A man should have both courage and perseverance.
not onlybut (also)	不仅而且	She is not only gifted but diligent.
not justbut	不只是还是	They represent not just themselves but their country.
as well as	也,还	Plants need air, as well as water.
neither nor	两者都不	Neither you nor I am good students.

## 2. 选择连词

词	意思	例句
or	或者	Would you like rice or noodles?
either or	或者或者	You can either stay here or come with us.

## 3. 转折连词

词	意思	例句
but		We've invited the boss, but she didn't come.
whereas	但是;然而	She shows her feelings, whereas I don't.
yet		I don't eat much, yet I'm heavier than them.
while		I went to swimming while he played tennis.



notbut 不是而是 The meal is not for one, but for all.	
---	--

#### 4. 因果连词

词	意思	例句
for	因为	I believe her, for surely she would not lie to me.
so	所以	I was feeling hungry, so I made myself a sandwich.

# 5. 从属连词

分类	含义
简单从属连词	由单个单词充当的从属连词
复合从属连词	由两个或两个以上单词构成的从属连词
关联从属连词	由两个关联词构成的从属连词

## ⑴ 简单从属连词

● 表时间顺序: before, after, once, while, since

表转折: although表因果: as, because

● 表条件: if, whether, unless

## (2) 复合从属连词

# ① 以 that 结尾的:

词	含义
except that	除了
given that	考虑到
now that	既然
supposing that	假如
so that	因此,以便
in order that	为了
on condition that	条件是
for fear that	害怕

# ② 以 as 结尾的:

词	含义
as/so far as	就…而言
as/so long as	只要



#### ③ 以 no matter 开始的:

词	含义
no matter what	无论什么
no matter how	无论怎样
no matter where	无论哪里
no matter who	无论谁
no matter when	无论什么时候

#### ④ 特殊的:

in case 万一

as if /as though 仿佛

#### (3) 关联从属连词

词	含义
no soonerthan	—就
hardly when	—就
the moment/the minute/the instant	<del></del> 就
even if	即使
just as	正如
if only	要是该多好

## 考点三:连词与主谓一致

● 由 neither...nor, not only...but also, either ...or 连接的并列主语,谓语动词遵守就近原则。

如: Neither you nor I am wrong.

Not only you but also he is wrong.

● 由 as well as 连接的主语,谓语动词根据 as well as 之前的主语来确定。

如: Mary as well as you likes English. You as well as Mary like English.



# 第二节 介词

# 考点一: 介词的定义

又称前置词,表示与它后面的名词、代词或相当于名词的其他结构与句子其他成 分之间的关系。

## 1. 介词及介词短语句法功能

成分	例句
作定语	Your answer to the question is not correct.
作表语	A kind person never laughs at people when they are in trouble.
作状语	During the winter holiday, I stayed at my grandpa's.
作补足语	They found the machine in a bad state.

#### 2. 常见介词

2. 18207173	
词	含义
at	在(某时,时间,阶段),在时
in	在里面
after	在之后
over	在上方,超过
with	和在一起,跟,和
on	在上
before	在之前
by	由,被,用
above	在上面,优于
under	在下面



# 第三节 介词短语

考点一: 常见与动词搭配词组

# 1. put

词	含义
put on	穿上,戴上,上演
put up	张贴,提高
put back	将…放回
put down	写下,记下

#### 2. turn

词	含义
turn down	拒绝,关小
turn on	打开
turn back	原路返回
turn off	关掉

## 3. come

词	含义
come about	发生
come into	继承,进入
come across	偶然遇见,发现
come through	康复,传来

#### 4.make

词	含义
make out	理解
make sense	有道理,有意义
make for	促成
make up for	弥补,补偿

## 5. give

词	含义
give away	泄露,赠送



give in	屈服,让步
give back	归还,使恢复
give off	发出,放出(气味,光)

#### 6. look

词	含义
look after	照顾
look into	调查,研究
look around	环顾,寻找
look up	拜访,查阅